

**Amendments to the Claims:** This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application

Listing of Claims:

- 1                    1. (Original) An apparatus for use in a cephalostat comprising:
  - 2                    a collimator for defining the shape of an X-ray beam;
  - 3                    a soft tissue filter screen for attenuating a portion of the X-ray beam,
  - 4                    wherein the soft tissue filter screen comprises:
    - 5                    a)      an anterior facial portion having a leading edge, wherein
    - 6                    the leading edge is located at the most posterior position of the anterior facial
    - 7                    portion, and
    - 8                    b)      a submental-neck portion coupled to the anterior facial
    - 9                    portion and having a leading edge at a position posterior relative to the leading edge
    - 10                  of the anterior facial portion,
    - 11                  wherein the soft tissue filter screen is independently adjustable relative
    - 12                  to the collimator.
- 1                    2. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the soft
- 2                    tissue filter screen is L-shaped having a first leg and a second leg disposed
- 3                    perpendicular to one another, wherein the anterior facial portion is the first leg and
- 4                    the submental-neck portion is the second leg.

1                    3. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the soft  
2 tissue filter screen is adjustable relative to the collimator in the anterior/posterior  
3 direction.

1                    4. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the soft  
2 tissue filter screen is adjustable relative to the collimator in the superior/inferior  
3 direction.

1                    5. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the anterior  
2 facial portion and the submental-neck portion comprise a unitary component.

1                    6. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the leading  
2 edge of the anterior facial portion and the leading edge of the submental-neck  
3 portion are beveled.

1                    7. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the anterior  
2 facial portion and the submental-neck portion are modular.

1                    8. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the  
2 submental-neck portion is adjustable relative to the anterior facial portion in the  
3 anterior/posterior direction.

1                    9. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the anterior  
2 facial portion and the submental-neck portion are connected to one another along  
3 mated beveled edges.

1                    10. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the  
2                    submental-neck portion is adapted to enhance radiograph images of the neck  
3                    contour of a patient.

1                    11. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the soft  
2                    tissue filter screen is copper.

1                    12. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the  
2                    collimator comprises four plates defining an opening to define the X-ray beam,  
3                    wherein the plates are independently adjustable relative to one another towards and  
4                    away from the center of the opening.

1                    13. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the  
2                    collimator comprises a single frame defining an opening to define the X-ray beam.

1                    14. (Original) A cephalometric radiology apparatus comprising  
  
2                    a support structure;  
  
3                    an X-ray source supported by the support structure for emitting X-  
4                    rays;

5                    a collimator supported by the support structure and positioned along  
6                    the path of the X-rays for defining an X-ray beam emitted from the X-ray source;

7                   a soft tissue filter screen for attenuating a portion of the X-ray beam  
8   and mounted independently of the collimator, wherein the soft tissue filter screen  
9   comprises:

10                   a)     an anterior facial portion having a leading edge, wherein  
11   the leading edge is located at the most posterior position of the anterior facial  
12   portion, and

13                   b)     a submental-neck portion coupled to the anterior facial  
14   portion and having a leading edge at a position posterior relative to the leading edge  
15   of the anterior facial portion,

16                   wherein the soft tissue filter screen is independently adjustable relative  
17   to the collimator; and

18                   an X-ray detector to collect X-rays emitted from the X-ray source.

1                   15. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 14 further comprising  
2   at least one positioning light to identify an optimum position of the soft tissue filter  
3   relative to the head of the patient, wherein said positioning light emits a signal  
4   representative of the optimum position, and a controller responsive to the signal for  
5   moving the soft tissue filter screen to the optimum position.

1                   16. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the  
2   anterior facial portion and the submental-neck portion are modular and adjustable  
3   relative to one another, and the signal identifies a first data point corresponding to

4 the optimum position for the leading edge of the anterior facial portion, a second  
5 data point corresponding to the optimum position for the leading edge of the  
6 submental-neck portion, and a third data point corresponding to the optimum  
7 position for intersection of the anterior facial portion and the submental-neck portion.

1 17. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the at  
2 least one positioning light positions the soft tissue filter screen in at least one of the  
3 anterior/posterior direction and the superior/inferior direction.

1 18. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the soft  
2 tissue filter screen is mounted between the collimator and the X-ray source.

1 19. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the  
2 collimator is mounted between the soft tissue filter screen and the X-ray detector.

1 20. (Original) A method for imaging soft tissue and hard tissue  
2 congruently on the same radiograph comprising the steps of:

3 emitting X-rays from an X-ray source;

4 positioning a collimator across the X-rays to define an X-ray beam;

5 positioning a soft tissue filter screen across the X-ray beam  
6 independently of the step of positioning the collimator, to attenuate the X-rays  
7 passing through a portion of the forehead, nose, lips, chin and neck of a patient,  
8 wherein the soft tissue filter screen comprises:

9                           a)     an anterior facial portion having a leading edge, wherein  
10   the leading edge is located at the most posterior position of the anterior facial  
11   portion, and

12                       b)     a submental-neck portion coupled to the anterior facial  
13   portion and having a leading edge at a position posterior relative to the leading edge  
14   of the anterior facial portion; and

15                       collecting the X-rays on a radiograph.

1                       21. (Original) A modular soft tissue filter screen system for use with a  
2   cephalostat having a collimator for defining an X-ray beam, which system comprises:

3                       a soft tissue filter screen for attenuating a portion of the X-ray beam,  
4   wherein the soft tissue filter screen comprises:

5                           a)     an anterior facial portion having a leading edge, wherein  
6   the leading edge is located at the most posterior position of the anterior facial  
7   portion, and

8                       b)     a submental-neck portion coupled to the anterior facial  
9   portion and having a leading edge at a position posterior relative to the leading edge  
10   of the anterior facial portion, and

11                   a mounting component supporting the soft tissue filter screen and  
12 adapted to be attached to the cephalostat at a position such that the soft tissue filter  
13 screen is aligned within the X-ray beam.

1                   22. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the soft tissue  
2 filter screen is L-shaped having a first leg and a second leg disposed perpendicular to  
3 one another, wherein the anterior facial portion is the first leg and the submental-  
4 neck portion is the second leg.

1                   23. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the soft tissue  
2 filter screen is adjustable in the anterior/posterior direction relative to the collimator.

1                   24. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the anterior  
2 facial portion and the submental-neck portion are modular.

1                   25. (Original) A system according to claim 24, wherein the  
2 submental-neck portion is adjustable relative to the anterior facial portion in the  
3 anterior/posterior direction.

1                   26. (Original) A system according to claim 24, wherein the anterior  
2 facial portion and the submental-neck portion are connected to one another along  
3 mated beveled edges.

1                   27. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the anterior  
2 facial portion and the submental-neck portion comprise a unitary component.

1                   28. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the leading  
2 edge of the anterior facial portion and the leading edge of the submental-neck  
3 portion are beveled.

1                   29. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the soft tissue  
2 filter screen is adjustable relative to the collimator in a inferior/superior direction.

1                   30. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the  
2 submental-neck portion is adapted to enhance radiographic images of the facial soft  
3 tissue inferior to the mandible and the neck contour of a patient

1                   31. (Original) A system according to claim 21, wherein the soft tissue  
2 filter screen is copper.

1                   32. (Original) A method according to claim 20 further comprising:

2                   identifying an optimum position of the soft tissue filter screen; and

3                   generating a signal representative the optimum position,

4                   wherein the step of positioning the soft tissue filter screen comprises

5 receiving the signal and moving the soft tissue filter screen to the optimum position

6 by adjusting the soft tissue filter screen in at least one of the anterior/posterior

7 direction and the superior/inferior direction.



1                    33. (Original) A method according to claim 32, wherein the anterior  
2    facial portion and the submental-neck portion are modular and adjustable relative to  
3    one another, and the signal identifies a first data point corresponding to the optimum  
4    position for the leading edge of the anterior facial portion, a second data point  
5    corresponding to the optimum position for the leading edge of the submental-neck  
6    portion, and a third data point corresponding to the optimum position for intersection  
7    of the anterior facial portion and the submental-neck portion.

1                    34. (Original) A modular soft tissue filter screen system according to  
2    claim 21 further comprising a housing for the collimator, wherein the mounting  
3    component for the soft tissue filter screen is adapted to be attached to the housing of  
4    the collimator.